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Test laboratory for paragliders, paraglider harnesses and paraglider reserve parachutes



Flight test report: EN 926-2:2013 & LTF 91/09

Manufacturer Address	Gradient s.r.o. Plzenska 221/130 150 00 Praha 5 - Motol Czech Republic	Certification number Date of flight test		PG_1117.2016 29. 09. 2016	
Glider model Serial number Trimmer Folding lines used	Nevada 2 light 28 G46281608101L no no	Classification Representative Place of test		B Ondrej Dupal Villeneuve	
Test pilot Harness Harness to risers distance (cm) Distance between risers (cm) Total weight in flight (kg)		Thurnheer Claude Niviuk - Hamak M 44 44 95		Zoller Alain Gin Gliders - Hamak L 43 46 115	
 Inflation/Take-off Rising behaviour Special take off technique 	required	B Smooth, easy and constant rising No	A A	Easy rising, some pilot correction is required No	B A
 Landing Special landing technique Speed in straight fligh Trim speed more than 30 Speed range using the co 	nt km/h	A No A Yes Yes	A A A	No Yes Yes	A A A
Minimum speed 4. Control movement Max. weight in flight up	-	Less than 25 km/h A		Less than 25 km/h	A
Symmetric control pressure / travel <i>Max. weight in flight 80 kg to 100 kg</i> Symmetric control pressure / travel		not available Increasing / greater than 60 cm	0 A	not available not available	0
Max. weight in flight gre Symmetric control pressur 5. Pitch stability exiting Dive forward angle on exit	re / travel accelerated flight	not available A Dive forward less than 30°	0 A	Increasing / greater than 65 cm Dive forward less than 30°	A
Collapse occurs 6. Pitch stability operating flight Collapse occurs 7. Roll stability and dam	ng controls during accelerated ping	No A No A	A	No	A
Oscillations 8. Stability in gentle spir Tendency to return to stra 9. Behaviour exiting a fu		Reducing A Spontaneous exit A	A A	Reducing Spontaneous exit	A A
Initial response of glider (f	ïrst 180°)	Immediate reduction of rate of turn Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)	A A	Immediate reduction of rate of turn Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)	A A

Turn angle to recover normal flight	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	А
10. Symmetric front collapse	В			
Approximately 30 % chord				
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	А	Rocking back less than 45°	А
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
Dive forward angle on exit Change of course	Dive forward 0° to 30° Keeping course	A	Dive forward 0° to 30° Keeping course	A
Cascade occurs	No	А	No	А
Folding lines used	No		No	
··· · · · · ·				
At least 50% chord	Decking back loss than 45°	•	Desking besk less than 45°	•
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A	6	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
Dive forward angle on exit / Change of course	Dive forward 30° to 60° / Keeping course	В	Dive forward 30° to 60° / Keeping course	В
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
Folding lines used	No		No	
With accelerator				
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	А	Rocking back less than 45°	А
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
Dive forward angle on exit / Change of course	Dive forward 30° to 60° /	В	Dive forward 30° to 60° / Keeping	В
	Keeping course		course	
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
Folding lines used	No		No	
11. Exiting deep stall (parachutal stall)	A	•	No.	^
Deep stall achieved	Yes	A		A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A
Change of course	Changing course less than 45°	A	Changing course less than 45°	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
12. High angle of attack recovery	A	•	Creater and in less than 2 a	•
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
13. Recovery from a developed full stall Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 30° to 60°	В	Dive forward 30° to 60°	В
Collapse	No collapse	A	No collapse	A
Cascade occurs (other than collapses)	No	A	No	A
Rocking back	Less than 45°	A	Less than 45°	A
Line tension	Most lines tight	A	Most lines tight	A
14. Asymmetric collapse	B	~	Most mes ugnt	~
	-			
Small asymmetric collapse				
Change of course until re-inflation / Maximum dive forward or roll angle	Less than 90° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	A	Less than 90° / Dive or roll angle 0° to 15° $$	A
Re-inflation behaviour	Spontaneous re-inflation	А	Spontaneous re-inflation	А
Total change of course	Less than 360°	А	Less than 360°	А
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	A	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	A
Twist occurs	No	А	No	А
Cascade occurs	No	А	No	А
Folding lines used	No		No	
Large asymmetric collapse				
Change of course until re-inflation / Maximum dive forward or	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle	В	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle 15°	В
roll angle	15° to 45°		to 45°	
Re-inflation behaviour	Spontaneous re-inflation	А	Spontaneous re-inflation	А
Total change of course	Less than 360°	А	Less than 360°	А

Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	A	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	A
Twist occurs	No	А	No	А
Cascade occurs	No	А	No	А
Folding lines used	No		No	
-				
Small asymmetric collapse with fully activated accelerator				
Change of course until re-inflation / Maximum dive forward or roll angle	Less than 90° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	A	Less than 90° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	A
Re-inflation behaviour	Spontaneous re-inflation	Α	Spontaneous re-inflation	A
Total change of course	Less than 360°	Α	Less than 360°	A
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	A	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	A
Twist occurs	No	А	No	А
Cascade occurs	No	А	No	А
Folding lines used	No		No	
Large asymmetric collapse with fully activated accelerator				
Change of course until re-inflation / Maximum dive forward or roll angle	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	В	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	В
Re-inflation behaviour	Spontaneous re-inflation	А	Spontaneous re-inflation	А
Total change of course	Less than 360°	А	Less than 360°	А
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	A	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	A
Twist occurs	No	А	No	А
Cascade occurs	No	А	No	А
Folding lines used	No		No	
15. Directional control with a maintained asymmetric	Α			
collapse	~	•	~	
Able to keep course	Yes	A	Yes	A
180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s	Yes	A	Yes	A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	A	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	A
16. Trim speed spin tendency	Α			
Spin occurs	No	А	No	А
17. Low speed spin tendency	Α			
Spin occurs	No	А	No	А
18. Recovery from a developed spin	Α			
Spin rotation angle after release	Stops spinning in less than 90°	A	Stops spinning in less than 90°	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
19. B-line stall	B			•
Change of course before release	Changing course less than 45°	A	Changing course less than 45°	A
Behaviour before release	Remains stable with straight span	A	Remains stable with straight span	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	А	Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s	В
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	А	Dive forward 0° to 30°	А
Cascade occurs	No	А	No	А
20. Big ears	В			
Entry procedure	Dedicated controls	А	Dedicated controls	А
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	А	Stable flight	А
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	А	Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s	В
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	А	Dive forward 0° to 30°	А
21. Big ears in accelerated flight	B			73
Entry procedure	Dedicated controls	А	Dedicated controls	А
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	A	Stable flight	A
Recovery	Recovery through pilot action in	В	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
	less than a further 3 s			

	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	А	Dive forward 0° to 30°	А
	Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelerator while maintaining big ears	Stable flight	A	Stable flight	A
	22. Alternative means of directional control	Α			
	180° turn achievable in 20 s	Yes	А	Yes	А
	Stall or spin occurs	No	А	No	А
23. Any other flight procedure and/or configuration described in the user's manual		0			
	Procedure works as described	not available	0	not available	0
	Procedure suitable for novice pilots	not available	0	not available	0
	Cascade occurs	not available	0	not available	0

24. Comments of test pilot

Comments